

# **Nevada's Mining Sector**



## **Industry Summary for Mining**

15,723

Jobs (2024)

157% above National average

+7.4%

% Change (2014-2024)

Nation: -29.6%

\$129,914

Avg. Earnings Per Job (2024)

Nation: \$143,291

## **Industry Detail**

Payrolled Business Locations (2024)	248
Jobs Multiplier	3

## **Regional Trends**



	Region	2014 Jobs	2024 Jobs	Change	% Change
•	Nevada	14,644	15,723	1,079	7.4%
•	Las Vegas, NV Metro	413	474	60	14.6%
•	Reno, NV Metro	284	376	92	32.4%
•	United States	876,432	617,194	(259,238)	(29.6%)

## **Regional Breakdown of Nevada's Mining Sector**

County	Jobs (2014)	Jobs (2024)	Job Change (2014-2024)	Job Change %	Earnings (2023)	Jobs LQ (2023)
Carson City	18	30	12	66%	\$97,399	0.22
Churchill	26	49	23	88%	\$95,029	1.18
Clark	413	474	60	15%	\$99,820	0.11
Douglas	37	<10	0	Insf. Data	\$105,583	0.13
Elko	2,070	1,958	(111)	(5%)	\$130,006	22.99
Esmeralda	229	177	(53)	(23%)	\$115,314	114.75
Eureka	3,949	4,026	77	2%	\$129,940	245.47
Humboldt	1,996	1,958	(38)	(2%)	\$137,705	65.45
Lander	2,043	2,466	424	21%	\$138,180	168.30
Lincoln	14	27	12	85%	\$51,607	4.52
Lyon	374	525	151	40%	\$136,499	8.84
Mineral	146	62	(83)	(57%)	\$105,695	14.35
Nye	1,125	1,135	10	1%	\$131,174	21.09
Pershing	628	850	221	35%	\$120,082	111.60
Storey	49	81	32	66%	\$100,240	1.12
Washoe	235	295	60	25%	\$125,143	0.30
White Pine	1,175	1,589	414	35%	\$125,753	89.01



## **Top Occupations Employed in these Industries**

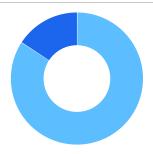
Description	Employed in Industry Group (2023)	% of Total Jobs in Industry Group (2023)
Continuous Mining Machine Operators	2,120	13.6%
Operating Engineers and Other Construction Equipment Operators	1,147	7.4%
Mobile Heavy Equipment Mechanics, Except Engines	948	6.1%
Extraction Workers, All Other	868	5.6%
Loading and Moving Machine Operators, Underground Mining	706	4.5%

## **Industry Requirements (Top Supply Chain)**

Purchases from	In-region Purchases	Imported Purchases	<b>Total Purchases</b>
Corporate, Subsidiary, and Regional Managing Offices	\$166,584,708	\$364,256,215	\$530,840,922
Gold Ore and Silver Ore Mining	\$440,031,719	\$309,304	\$440,341,023
Petroleum Refineries	\$14,821,088	\$324,739,482	\$339,560,571
Electric Power Distribution	\$110,140,973	\$166,852,652	\$276,993,625
Portfolio Management and Investment Advice	\$20,020,963	\$153,271,978	\$173,292,941

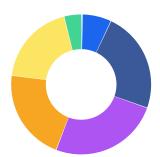


## **Industry Gender Breakdown**



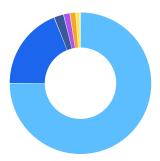
Gender	2024 Jobs	2024 Percent
<ul><li>Males</li></ul>	12,964	82.5%
<ul><li>Females</li></ul>	2,759	17.5%

## **Industry Age Breakdown**



	Age	2024 Jobs	2024 Percent
•	14-18	55	0.4%
•	19-24	1,225	7.8%
•	25-34	3,621	23.0%
•	35-44	3,991	25.4%
•	45-54	3,317	21.1%
•	55-64	2,805	17.8%
•	65+	709	4.5%

## **Industry Race/Ethnicity Breakdown**



	Race/Ethnicity	2024 Jobs	2024 Percent
	White	11,370	72.3%
•	Hispanic or Latino	3,299	21.0%
•	American Indian or Alaska Native	339	2.2%
	Black or African American	276	1.8%
	Two or More Races	245	1.6%
	Asian	159	1.0%
	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	34	0.2%

## **Industry Breakdown of Nevada's Mining Sector**

NAICS	Description	2014 Jobs	2023 Jobs	2014 - 2024 Change	Avg. Earnings Per Job	2023 Location Quotient
211120	Crude Petroleum Extraction	49	12	(37)	\$95,565	0.01
211130	Natural Gas Extraction	13	0	(13)	\$0	0.00
212114	Surface Coal Mining	0	0	0	\$0	0.00
212115	Underground Coal Mining	0	0	0	\$0	0.00
212210	Iron Ore Mining	<10	0	Insf. Data	\$0	0.00
212220	Gold Ore and Silver Ore Mining	10,602	10,592	(9)	\$136,138	65.87
212230	Copper, Nickel, Lead, and Zinc Mining	557	855	298	\$126,084	4.53
212290	Other Metal Ore Mining	110	<10	Insf. Data	Insf. Data	0.21
212311	Dimension Stone Mining and Quarrying	23	32	9	\$136,230	0.41
212312	Crushed and Broken Limestone Mining and Quarrying	101	87	(14)	\$105,179	0.37
212313	Crushed and Broken Granite Mining and Quarrying	<10	<10	Insf. Data	Insf. Data	0.08
212319	Other Crushed and Broken Stone Mining and Quarrying	35	52	18	\$84,822	0.65
212321	Construction Sand and Gravel Mining	374	461	87	\$102,828	1.44
212322	Industrial Sand Mining	116	182	65	\$107,028	2.34
212323	Kaolin, Clay, and Ceramic and Refractory Minerals Mining	84	47	(37)	\$79,065	0.76
212390	Other Nonmetallic Mineral Mining and Quarrying	809	760	(48)	\$115,804	6.29
213111	Drilling Oil and Gas Wells	54	<10	Insf. Data	Insf. Data	0.01
213112	Support Activities for Oil and Gas Operations	124	93	(31)	\$95,469	0.04
213113	Support Activities for Coal Mining	<10	<10	Insf. Data	Insf. Data	0.01
213114	Support Activities for Metal Mining	1,541	2,299	758	\$119,361	45.55
213115	Support Activities for Nonmetallic Minerals (except Fuels) Mining	32	43	10	\$124,562	1.29
333131	Mining Machinery and Equipment Manufacturing	11	0	(11)	\$0	0.00



## **Data Sources and Calculations**

#### **Industry Data**

Lightcast industry data have various sources depending on the class of worker. (1) For QCEW Employees, Lightcast primarily uses the QCEW (Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages), with supplemental estimates from County Business Patterns. (2) Non-QCEW employees data are based on a number of sources including QCEW, Current Employment Statistics, County Business Patterns, BEA State and Local Personal Income reports, the National Industry-Occupation Employment Matrix (NIOEM), the American Community Survey, and Railroad Retirement Board statistics. (3) Self-Employed and Extended Proprietor classes of worker data are primarily based on the American Community Survey, Nonemployer Statistics, and BEA State and Local Personal Income Reports. Projections for QCEW and Non-QCEW Employees are informed by NIOEM and long-term industry projections published by individual states.

#### **Input-Output Data**

The input-output model in this report is Lightcast's gravitational flows multi-regional social account matrix model (MR-SAM). It is based on data from the Census Bureau's Current Population Survey and American Community Survey; as well as the Bureau of Economic Analysis' National Income and Product Accounts, Input-Output Make and Use Tables, and Gross State Product data. In addition, several Lightcast in-house data sets are used, as well as data from Oak Ridge National Labs on the cost of transportation between counties.

#### **Staffing Patterns Data**

The staffing pattern data in this report are compiled from several sources using a specialized process. For QCEW and Non-QCEW Employees classes of worker, sources include Occupational Employment Statistics, the National Industry-Occupation Employment Matrix, and the American Community Survey. For the Self-Employed and Extended Proprietors classes of worker, the primary source is the American Community Survey, with a small amount of information from Occupational Employment Statistics.

#### **State Data Sources**

This report uses state data from the following agencies: Nevada Department of Employment, Training and Rehabilitation

